

THE VALUE OF ACADEMIC INDUSTRIAL PARTNERSHIP

...OR "HOW DO WE ALL BENEFIT THE MOST"

DOTC Technology Conference 2022 29th November 2022 Jesper Tychsen - TotalEnergies

WHO IS SPEAKING....

- Jesper Tychsen
- Structural engineer, MSC Aalborg University
- Maersk Oil & TotalEnergies 1993 to present...
- ...except 1-year (2010) in DONG Energy
- Technical focal point towards DHRTC/DOTC within:
 - Structural integrity
 - Environmental loads
 - Risk based methods (e.g. inspection planning for fatigue cracks)
 - Structural response, monitoring, etc.



FRAMING: BACKGROUND

- DUC North Sea structures: >50 platforms, installed since 70'ies
- The first platforms not even designed for North Sea operation (no North Sea code)
- Typically designed for 25 years service period...
- ... most structures now expected to operate two times longer
- Technical "impact" of DUC production history:
 - Early structures designed for Gulf of Mexico operation => technical "innovation pressure"
 - "Tight" chalk reservoirs drilling tech development adds lots of reserves => more wells + more equipment added to existing structures => technical "innovation pressure"
 - Seabed subsidence (seabed is sinking) => lower air gap below deck => risk of extreme waves reaching the deck (resulting in high platform loading) => technical "innovation pressure"
 - Knowledge of extreme wave loading evolving over time => what we learned in school is not sufficient => higher extreme waves + higher particle velocities => higher loading than included in design => technical "innovation pressure"
 - Knowledge of everyday loading and related response long service period and historically simple and uncertain fatigue prediction methods => hampering correct integrity assessment => technical "innovation pressure"

Due to the size of the investment and the historic evolvement of production and knowledge => we are married to tech innovation to ensure continued integrity



FRAMING: STATUS

The past 25 years Maersk Oil and TotalEnergies have devoted a high degree of high focus on tech development within areas related to structural integrity:

• Extreme loading and response:

- Tyra Subsidence I (1999-2012): Ultimate strength, pushover, transient response, reinforcement
- Tyra II (2013-15): New wave knowledge, probability of collapse => total rebuild of Tyra field currently ongoing
- AWARE (2016-present): New wave knowledge, probability of collapse, "Code Wrapper" design approach all SECE elements exposed to extreme wave loading

Long-term integrity management:

- Primarily fatigue integrity (optimizing in-service inspection)
- RBI (4th generation implemented 1st generation late 80'ies)
- Focus shifting from "running the RBI machine" to "ease og use" and "quality of method"

State of the art and beyond code requirements – but developed under excessive QC requirements (i.e. full 3rd party certification) => high TRL level at end of development. Note: High level of multi-discipline challenges (structural, metocean, hydrodynamics, geotechnical, pipelines, fatigue, risk....)



THE INGREDIENTS UNDERLYING A PARTNERSHIP

...STRICTLY SUBJECTIVE®

University:

- Research topics of interest largely directed by technical management (professors etc.). Potential for hobby horsing[®]
- Focus on framing, idea development and showcasing (TRL 1-3)
- Few industry experienced staff
- High variability in tech topic knowledge level
- Current KPIs: Publications, hit rates, quoting rates, etc. However, industry support has some foothold!

Concerns:

- Risk of hobby horsing (research which will never find an end-user)
- Inherent scepticism if externals are guiding the direction of research
- Can/will tech management truly fight to solve externally defined goals... or just say so to obtain funding for own goals?

Industrial:

- Bulk of problems and challenges
- Manning restrictions and stretched staff
- Focus on day to day problems
- High variability in technical knowledge level
- New knowledge and technology may end up being costly
- Solid business cases required for investment

Concerns:

- No time or experience to work with change
- Management comfort at keeping industry standard
- May consider research as an inherently costly and risk full business case
- Short time horizon management



THE FERTILISERS FOR SUCCESS

- STRICTLY SUBJECTIVE



"Trust"

University:

- Openminded, we want to learn, attitude and embrace multidiscipline interaction/learning
- See the "beauty" in solving given multi-discipline problems, interact to define projects in core areas
- Align with industry partner on how project success looks
- Redefine KPIs to match a case with industry involvement
- Learn the industry standard otherwise it will be hard to improve it
- Plan to achieve highest TRL
- Willingness to suppress hobby horsing

Industrial:

- Get involved
 - Listen
 - Understand
 - Explain
 - Support
 - Implement
- Get to know the team, understand KPIs, skills and "desires" of partners
- Align with university partner on how project success looks
- Sufficient tech (multi-discipline) skills to understand and ask the QC related questions
- Allow time to interact (KPI)

THE VALUE OF INDUSTRIAL PARTNERSHIP...

....can be everything from headache...

... as academia does not work with what they want and industry feels they are loosing time and money as academia is only interested in the budget to keep hobby horsing...

to a success story...

... where multiple disciplines and skills come together in the benefit of all to develop a unique solution no-one would be able to do on their own

END OF PRESENTATION

Thanks!